CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

In this chapter, the writer puts the conclusion and suggestion for the reader to understand more about the research.

A. Conclusion

The following is the conclusion that the writer would like to reach after conducting study and data analysis on the temporal conjunction and coherences. 1. Regarding the study's goal of categorizing the types of temporal conjunctions detected in the pre-flight safety videos of SkyTeam member airlines, the categories of external and internal temporal conjunctions are found. In the 14 videos, all categories are present. Because the succeeding sentence is employed to refer to the events being discussed, the temporal conjunction categories of external are dominant in this study. With only 5 data, the internal category of temporal conjunctions used in this study had the lowest frequency. It also can be concluded, since the data are videos which are the listener or receivers not in the direct communication. So there are a little category of internal.

2. Regarding the research's second goal, which is to classify the temporal conjunction in the table of conjunctive relations. In the 29 collected data, the writer found 13 kinds of classification. Simple Temporal in Sequential, Simple Temporal in Preceding, Complex Temporal in Immediate, Interrupted, Specific, Durative, Terminal, and Punctiliar, Conclusive

Simple, Sequential, Temporal in Sequential, and Conclusive, and Here and Now in Present. Complex Temporal in Durative had the highest frequency of the temporal conjunction classification in this study. In 8 of the 29 data, it is visible. This temporal conjunction defines the time when something happens for a long time. The adverb that came after the temporal conjunction may have served as an indicator. On the other hand, the lowest frequency of use is for the seven kind classifications.

3. According to the research's third goal, which was to determine the coherences of the sentences, the writer discovered that the temporal conjunction causes the coherence in all of the phrases. The temporal conjunctions can appear at the beginning, in the middle, and in the end of the sentence. It shows the time between the two clauses or the whole of the sentence. The reason for the coherence of the sentence that is found in the data, is the temporal conjunction has the biggest role in making the sentence coherence. By the temporal conjunction, it can be noticed that either clauses or the whole sentence is on the same page or explanation.

B. Suggestion

Some recommendations for further study are made based on the findings of the current studies. The recommendations are listed below.

1. To the students

The writer advises the following researchers to develop this research in a larger context since students who are interested in linguistics, particularly in the discourse analysis field, are highly anticipated to do research on the temporal conjunction.

2. To the readers

The reader will learn more in-depth information about English from this study of the little things in English. Based on the findings of this study, the writer advises that readers use this study as a benchmark to understand the crucial function that temporal conjunctions play in giving sentences coherence and how they can apply this knowledge to their own work. And readers are aware of the various sorts of conjunctions, particularly temporal conjunctions of time when, that can be used to create coherent sentences or paragraphs.

3. To the writer

As the writer hopes that this study will be helpful for the readers as a related reference in analyzing works of discourse analysis, the writer would appreciate any suggestions or criticisms concerning how to improve this research. A-JIP

PTB